# SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### Maximum Duty Stripper

## **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: Maximum Duty Stripper

**Product code** 

: 151 BRI

Other means of

: Not available.

identification

**Product type** 

: Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Floor Stripper

**Uses advised against** 

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : BradyPLUS

> 7055 Lindell Road Las Vegas, NV 89118 (877) 788-PLUS BradyPLUS.com

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing: Recommended: Chemical resistant gloves. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wash thoroughly

Response

after handling. : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or

hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	≤10	112-34-5
2-aminoethanol	≤10	141-43-5
disodium metasilicate	≤5	6834-92-0
potassium hydroxide	≤2.7	1310-58-3
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	≤2.3	64-02-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

**Inhalation** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects

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## Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control parameters** 

**Occupational exposure limits** 

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
2-aminoethanol	fraction and vapor  ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 3 ppin 6 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 8 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
disodium metasilicate	None.
potassium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	C: 2 mg/m³
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	CEIL: 2 mg/m³
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	CEIL: 2 mg/m³
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
L. Lance Properties Lance Properties L. L.	C: 2 mg/m³
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	None.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Chemical resistant gloves

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Chemical resistant boots

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Amber. [Light]
Odor : Sweetish. Spicy.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : 13 to 13.5

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

Vapor pressure

limit/flammability limit

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

	V	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		\	apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Methanol	126.96	16.9				
water	17.5	2.3				
2-aminoethanol	0.4	0.053				
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	0.022	0.0029				
2,2'-iminodiethanol	<0.0075	<0.001				
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	0	0				

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.002

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water hot water	Easily soluble Easily soluble

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water : Yes.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	>200	>392	
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	>200	>392	
sodium xylenesulphonate	320.9	609.6	EU A.16
2-aminoethanol	410	770	
Methanol	455	851	DIN 51794
2,2'-iminodiethanol	662	1223.6	

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-
disodium metasilicate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1153 mg/kg	-
potassium hydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	273 mg/kg	-
tetrasodium ethylene diamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
tetraacetate				

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 ug	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 mg	-
disodium metasilicate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	24 hours 250	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
				mg	
potassium hydroxide	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 1	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
tetrasodium ethylene diamine	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
tetraacetate				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	3 3 3	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-aminoethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
disodium metasilicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Maximum Duty Stripper	10342.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	4500	2700	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminoethanol	1720	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
potassium hydroxide	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
2-aminoethanol	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 170 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
disodium metasilicate	Acute EC50 33.53 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2320 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
potassium hydroxide	Acute LC50 80 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> - Adult	96 hours
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	Acute LC50 486000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	Low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	Low
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	5.01	1.8	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, n. o.s. (potassium hydroxide)				
Transport hazard class(es)	8 CORPORATE BY	8	8	8	8
Packing group	II	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

**Additional information** 

**TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: potassium hydroxide

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**SARA 302/304** 

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	≤10	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
2-aminoethanol		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
disodium metasilicate	≤5	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
potassium hydroxide	≤2.7	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
tetrasodium ethylene diamine	≤2.3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
tetraacetate		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	≤10
Supplier notification	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	≤10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: ETHANOLAMINE; POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

**New York** : The following components are listed: Potassium hydroxide

: The following components are listed: GLYCOL ETHERS; ETHANOLAMINE; **New Jersey** 

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-; POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

#### California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Diethanolamine, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Methanol Diethanolamine	-	Yes.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

**Japan** 

**Australia** : Not determined.

Canada : At least one component is not listed.

China : Not determined.

**Eurasian Economic Union** : Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : Not determined.

: At least one component is not listed. **Philippines** 

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

**Taiwan** : At least one component is not listed. **Thailand** : At least one component is not listed.

: Not determined. **Turkey United States** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ů ,	On basis of test data On basis of test data

#### **History**

Date of printing : 10/22/2024 Date of issue/Date of : 10/18/2024

revision

Date of previous issue : 11/8/2023 Version : 1.01

Date of issue/Date of revision 13/14 : 10/18/2024 : 11/8/2023 Version: 1.01 Date of previous issue

## **Section 16. Other information**

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

**UN = United Nations** 

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : 11/8/2023 Version : 1.01 14/14